Licence - 11947



Licence Details	
Number:	11947
Anniversary Date:	09-July

<u>Licensee</u>

PENTARCH PTY. LTD.

LEVEL 1, 99 COVENTRY STREET

SOUTH MELBOURNE VIC 3205

Premises

BUILDINGS 5-14

ANSWERTH DRIVE

OAKLANDS NSW 2646

Scheduled Activity

Waste Disposal (thermal treatment)

Waste Processing (non-thermal treatment)

Fee Based Activity	<u>Scale</u>
Non-thermal treatment of hazardous and other waste	Any T treated
Thermal treatment of hazardous and other waste	> 0 T treated

Region
South West - Albury
2nd Floor, Government Offices, 512 Dean Street ALBURY NSW 2640
Phone: (02) 6022 0600
Fax: (02) 6022 0610
PO BOX 544 ALBURY DC
NSW 2640





INFC	DRMATION ABOUT THIS LICENCE	4
Dic	etionary	4
Res	sponsibilities of licensee	4
Var	riation of licence conditions	4
Dur	ration of licence	4
Lice	ence review	4
Fee	es and annual return to be sent to the EPA	4
Tra	Insfer of licence	5
Pul	blic register and access to monitoring data	5
1	ADMINISTRATIVE CONDITIONS	6
A1	What the licence authorises and regulates	6
A2	Premises or plant to which this licence applies	6
А3	Information supplied to the EPA	6
2	DISCHARGES TO AIR AND WATER AND APPLICATIONS TO LAND	7
P1	Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas	7
3	LIMIT CONDITIONS	7
L1	Pollution of waters	7
L2	Load limits	7
L3	Concentration limits	8
L4	Waste	10
L5	Potentially offensive odour	10
L6	Other limit conditions	10
4	OPERATING CONDITIONS	11
01	Activities must be carried out in a competent manner	11
02	Maintenance of plant and equipment	11
О3	Dust	11
04	Emergency response	11
O5	Processes and management	11
O6	Waste management	12
5	MONITORING AND RECORDING CONDITIONS	12
M1	Monitoring records	12
M2	Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged	12
МЗ	Testing methods - concentration limits	13
M4	Testing methods - load limits	14



Licence - 11947

M5	Recording of pollution complaints	14
M6	Telephone complaints line	14
6 I	REPORTING CONDITIONS	15
R1	Annual return documents	15
R2	Notification of environmental harm	16
R3	Written report	16
7 (GENERAL CONDITIONS	16
G1	Copy of licence kept at the premises or plant	16
DICT	IONARY	18
Gen	neral Dictionary	18

Licence - 11947



Information about this licence

Dictionary

A definition of terms used in the licence can be found in the dictionary at the end of this licence.

Responsibilities of licensee

Separate to the requirements of this licence, general obligations of licensees are set out in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 ("the Act") and the Regulations made under the Act. These include obligations to:

- ensure persons associated with you comply with this licence, as set out in section 64 of the Act;
- control the pollution of waters and the pollution of air (see for example sections 120 132 of the Act):
- report incidents causing or threatening material environmental harm to the environment, as set out in Part 5.7 of the Act.

Variation of licence conditions

The licence holder can apply to vary the conditions of this licence. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

The EPA may also vary the conditions of the licence at any time by written notice without an application being made.

Where a licence has been granted in relation to development which was assessed under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 in accordance with the procedures applying to integrated development, the EPA may not impose conditions which are inconsistent with the development consent conditions until the licence is first reviewed under Part 3.6 of the Act.

Duration of licence

This licence will remain in force until the licence is surrendered by the licence holder or until it is suspended or revoked by the EPA or the Minister. A licence may only be surrendered with the written approval of the EPA.

Licence review

The Act requires that the EPA review your licence at least every 5 years after the issue of the licence, as set out in Part 3.6 and Schedule 5 of the Act. You will receive advance notice of the licence review.

Fees and annual return to be sent to the EPA

For each licence fee period you must pay:

- an administrative fee; and
- a load-based fee (if applicable).

Licence - 11947



The EPA publication "A Guide to Licensing" contains information about how to calculate your licence fees. The licence requires that an Annual Return, comprising a Statement of Compliance and a summary of any monitoring required by the licence (including the recording of complaints), be submitted to the EPA. The Annual Return must be submitted within 60 days after the end of each reporting period. See condition R1 regarding the Annual Return reporting requirements.

Usually the licence fee period is the same as the reporting period.

Transfer of licence

The licence holder can apply to transfer the licence to another person. An application form for this purpose is available from the EPA.

Public register and access to monitoring data

Part 9.5 of the Act requires the EPA to keep a public register of details and decisions of the EPA in relation to, for example:

- licence applications;
- licence conditions and variations;
- statements of compliance;
- load based licensing information; and
- load reduction agreements.

Under s320 of the Act application can be made to the EPA for access to monitoring data which has been submitted to the EPA by licensees.

This licence is issued to:

PENTARCH PTY. LTD.
LEVEL 1, 99 COVENTRY STREET
SOUTH MELBOURNE VIC 3205

subject to the conditions which follow.

Licence - 11947



1 Administrative Conditions

A1 What the licence authorises and regulates

A1.1 This licence authorises the carrying out of the scheduled activities listed below at the premises specified in A2. The activities are listed according to their scheduled activity classification, fee-based activity classification and the scale of the operation.

Unless otherwise further restricted by a condition of this licence, the scale at which the activity is carried out must not exceed the maximum scale specified in this condition.

Scheduled Activity	Fee Based Activity	Scale
Waste Processing (non-thermal treatment)	Non-thermal treatment of hazardous and other waste	Any T treated
Waste Disposal (thermal treatment)	Thermal treatment of hazardous and other waste	> 0 T treated

A2 Premises or plant to which this licence applies

A2.1 The licence applies to the following premises:

Premises Details
BUILDINGS 5-14
ANSWERTH DRIVE
OAKLANDS
NSW 2646
LOT 1 DP 193156, LOT 2 DP 193156

A3 Information supplied to the EPA

A3.1 Works and activities must be carried out in accordance with the proposal contained in the licence application, except as expressly provided by a condition of this licence.

In this condition the reference to "the licence application" includes a reference to:

- a) the applications for any licences (including former pollution control approvals) which this licence replaces under the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998; and
- b) the licence information form provided by the licensee to the EPA to assist the EPA in connection with the issuing of this licence.

2 Discharges to Air and Water and Applications to Land

Licence - 11947



P1 Location of monitoring/discharge points and areas

- P1.1 The following utilisation areas referred to in the table below are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for any application of solids or liquids to the utilisation area.
- P1.2 The following points referred to in the table below are identified in this licence for the purposes of monitoring and/or the setting of limits for the emission of pollutants to the air from the point.

-	-
л	11
\boldsymbol{H}	"

		All	
EPA identi- fication no.	Type of Monitoring Point	Type of Discharge Point	Location Description
1	Discharge Stack (baghouse)	Discharge Stack (baghouse)	Bag house exhaust stack
2	Air emission monitoring discharge to air	Air emission monitoring discharge to air	Afterburner stack - treating ignited propellant emissions from small and large calibre munitions
3	Parameter monitoring		Afterburner stack - treating the ignited propellant emissions from small and large calibre munitions.
4	Air emission monitoring discharge to air	Air emission monitoring discharge to air	Exhaust stack serving the scrubber system - treating emissions from the ignition of day/night flares, signal smoke flares and commerical/domestic pyrotechnics
5	Air emission monitoring discharge to air from pressure vessel	Air emission monitoring discharge to air from pressure vessel	Air emission monitoring discharge to air

3 Limit Conditions

L1 Pollution of waters

L1.1 Except as may be expressly provided in any other condition of this licence, the licensee must comply with section 120 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.

L2 Load limits

- L2.1 The actual load of an assessable pollutant discharged from the premises during the reporting period must not exceed the load limit specified for the assessable pollutant in the table below.
- L2.2 The actual load of an assessable pollutant must be calculated in accordance with the relevant load calculation protocol.

Assessable Pollutant	Load limit (kg)
Arsenic (Air)	
Benzene (Air)	
Benzo(a)pyrene (equivalent) (Air)	

Licence - 11947



Fine Particulates (Air)
Lead (Air)
Mercury (Air)
Nitrogen Oxides (Air)
Sulfur Oxides (Air)

Note: An assessable pollutant is a pollutant which affects the licence fee payable for the licence.

L3 Concentration limits

- L3.1 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified in the table\s below (by a point number), the concentration of a pollutant discharged at that point, or applied to that area, must not exceed the concentration limits specified for that pollutant in the table.
- L3.2 To avoid any doubt, this condition does not authorise the pollution of waters by any pollutant other than those specified in the table\s.
- L3.3 Air Concentration Limits

POINT 1

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	20			
Smoke Emissions	percent Opacity	20			
Nitric oxide	milligrams per cubic metre	350			

POINT 2

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Dioxins & Furans	nanograms per cubic metre	0.1	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa	Note 1	1 hour
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	100	dry, 273K, 101.3KPa	Note 1	1 hour
Nitrogen Oxides	milligrams per cubic metre	350	dry, 273K, 101.3KPa	Note 1	1 hour block
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	5	dry, 273K, 101.3 kPa	Note 1	1 hour
Type 1 and Type 2 substances in aggregate	milligrams per cubic metre	1	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa	Note 1	1 hour

Licence - 11947



Zinc	milligrams per cubic	0.5	dry, 273K,	Note 1	1 hour
	metre		101.3kPa		

POINT 4

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Dioxins & Furans	nanograms per cubic metre	0.1	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	100	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	50	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour
Type 1 and Type 2 substances in aggregate	milligrams per cubic metre	1	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour
Zinc	milligrams per cubic metre	3	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour

POINT 5

Pollutant	Units of measure	100 percentile concentration limit	Reference conditions	Oxygen correction	Averaging period
Dioxins & Furans	nanograms per cubic metre	0.1	dry,273K, 101.3 kPA		1 hour
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	100	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour
Nitrogen Oxides	milligrams per cubic metre	350	dry, 273K,101.3k Pa		1 hour block
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	5	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour
Type 1 and Type 2 substances in aggregate	milligrams per cubic metre	1	dry, 273K, 101.3kPa		1 hour
Zinc	milligrams per cubic metre	0.5	dry, 273K, 101.3kPA		1 hour

L3.4 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified in the table below (by point number), the parameter must be equal to or greater than the limit specified for that parameter in the table:

Point 3

Pollutant	Units of measure	Lower limit	Averaging period
Residence Time	seconds	2	instantaneous
Temperature	degrees centigrade	980	hourly rolling

Licence - 11947



L4 Waste

L4.1 The licensee must not cause, permit or allow any waste to be received at the premises, except the wastes expressly referred to in the column titled "Waste" and meeting the definition, if any, in the column titled "Description" in the table below.

Any waste received at the premises must only be used for the activities referred to in relation to that waste in the column titled "Activity" in the table below.

Any waste received at the premises is subject to those limits or conditions, if any, referred to in relation to that waste contained in the column titled "Other Limits" in the table below.

This condition does not limit any other conditions in this licence.

Code	Waste	Description	Activity	Other Limits
T200	Ammunition, Propellant, pyrotechnics	Processing and destruction of propellant, smoke canisters and flares	Waste disposal (thermal treatment)	The total quantity of waste processed at the premises must not exceed 150 tonnes per year
E120	Unwanted Marine Flares	Processing and destruction of flares	Waste disposal (thermal treatment)	The total quantity of waste processed at the premises must not exceed 150 tonnes per year
T200	Ammunition, Propellant, pyrotechnics	Waste of an explosive nature not subject to other legislation	Waste processing (non-thermal treatment)	The total quantity of waste processed at the premises must not exceed 150 tonnes per year

L5 Potentially offensive odour

L5.1 The licensee must not cause or permit the emission of offensive odour beyond the boundary of the premises.

Note: Section 129 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 provides that the licensee must not cause or permit the emission of any offensive odour from the premises but provides a defence if the emission is identified in the relevant environment protection licence as a potentially offensive odour and the odour was emitted in accordance with the conditions of a licence directed at minimising odour.

L6 Other limit conditions

Note: The licensee must comply with the conditions as specified in this licence or where no specific conditions are outlined in this licence, the licensee must comply with the "Chemical Control Order in Relation to Materials and Wastes Containing Polychlorinated Biphenyl, 1997".

Licence - 11947



4 Operating Conditions

O1 Activities must be carried out in a competent manner

- O1.1 Licensed activities must be carried out in a competent manner.
 - This includes:
 - a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and
 - b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the activity.

O2 Maintenance of plant and equipment

- O2.1 All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity:
 - a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and
 - b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner.

O3 Dust

O3.1 All operations and activities occurring at the premises must be carried out in a manner that will minimise the emission of dust from the premises.

O4 Emergency response

O4.1 The licensee must maintain, and implement as necessary, a current emergency response plan for the premises. The licensee must keep the emergency response plan on the premises at all times. The emergency response plan must document systems and procedures to deal with all types of incidents (e.g. spills, explosions or fire) that may occur at the premises or that may be associated with activities that occur at the premises and which are likely to cause harm to the environment. If a current emergency response plan does not exist at the date on which this condition is attached to the licence, the licensee must develop an emergency response plan within three months of that date.

O5 Processes and management

- O5.1 The licensee must ensure that waste identified for recycling is stored separately from other waste.
- O5.2 The licensee must ensure that any liquid and/or non liquid waste for processing, storage, resource recovery or disposal at the premises is assessed and classified in accordance with the DECC Waste Classification Guidelines as in force from time to time.

Licence - 11947



O6 Waste management

- O6.1 All above ground tanks containing material that is likely to cause environmental harm must be bunded or have an alternative spill containment system in place.
- O6.2 The licensee must ensure that suitable measures (e.g. high/low alarms, control valves with interlock control, one way valves) are installed on all tanks, ponds or clarifiers and associated pipes and hoses to prevent the spillage of waste.

5 Monitoring and Recording Conditions

M1 Monitoring records

- M1.1 The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.
- M1.2 All records required to be kept by this licence must be:
 - a) in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form;
 - b) kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and
 - c) produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.
- M1.3 The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for the purposes of this licence:
 - a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken;
 - b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected;
 - c) the point at which the sample was taken; and
 - d) the name of the person who collected the sample.

M2 Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants discharged

- M2.1 For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified below (by a point number), the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the concentration of each pollutant specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, and sample at the frequency, specified opposite in the other columns:
- M2.2 Air Monitoring Requirements

POINT 2

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Dry gas density	kilograms per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-23
Nitrogen Oxides	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-11
Oxygen (O2)	percent	Continuous	CEM-3
Temperature	Celsius	Continuous	TM-2

Licence - 11947



Type 1 and Type 2 substances in aggregate	milligrams per cubic metre	Every 2 years	TM-12, TM-13 & TM-14
Volumetric flowrate	cubic metres per second	Continuous	CEM-6

POINT 2,4

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Dioxins & Furans	nanograms per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-18
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-8
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-15
Zinc	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-12, TM-13 & TM-14

POINT 3

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Temperature	Celsius	Continuous	TM-2
Volumetric flowrate	cubic metres per second	Continuous	CEM-6

POINT 5

Pollutant	Units of measure	Frequency	Sampling Method
Dioxins & Furans	nanograms per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-18
Dry gas density	kilograms per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-23
Hydrogen chloride	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-8
Nitrogen Oxides	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-11
Solid Particles	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-15
Type 1 and Type 2 substances in aggregate	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-12, TM-13 & TM-14
Zinc	milligrams per cubic metre	Yearly during discharge	TM-12, TM-13 & TM-14

M3 Testing methods - concentration limits

- M3.1 Monitoring for the concentration of a pollutant emitted to the air required to be conducted by this licence must be done in accordance with:
 - a) any methodology which is required by or under the Act to be used for the testing of the concentration of the pollutant; or
 - b) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act, any methodology which a condition of this licence requires to be used for that testing; or
 - c) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act or by a condition of this licence, any

Licence - 11947



methodology approved in writing by the EPA for the purposes of that testing prior to the testing taking place.

Note: The *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation 2010* requires testing for certain purposes to be conducted in accordance with test methods contained in the publication "Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in NSW".

M4 Testing methods - load limits

Note: Division 3 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009* requires that monitoring of actual loads of assessable pollutants listed in L2.2 must be carried out in accordance with the relevant load calculation protocol set out for the fee-based activity classification listed in the Administrative Conditions of this licence.

M5 Recording of pollution complaints

- M5.1 The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.
- M5.2 The record must include details of the following:
 - a) the date and time of the complaint;
 - b) the method by which the complaint was made;
 - c) any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect;
 - d) the nature of the complaint;
 - e) the action taken by the licensee in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and
 - f) if no action was taken by the licensee, the reasons why no action was taken.
- M5.3 The record of a complaint must be kept for at least 4 years after the complaint was made.
- M5.4 The record must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.

M6 Telephone complaints line

- M6.1 The licensee must operate during its operating hours a telephone complaints line for the purpose of receiving any complaints from members of the public in relation to activities conducted at the premises or by the vehicle or mobile plant, unless otherwise specified in the licence.
- M6.2 The licensee must notify the public of the complaints line telephone number and the fact that it is a complaints line so that the impacted community knows how to make a complaint.
- M6.3 The preceding two conditions do not apply until 3 months after: the date of the issue of this licence.

Licence - 11947



6 Reporting Conditions

R1 Annual return documents

- R1.1 Where the licensee is unable to complete a part of the Annual Return by the due date because the licensee was unable to calculate the actual load of a pollutant due to circumstances beyond the licensee's control, the licensee must notify the EPA in writing as soon as practicable, and in any event not later than the due date. The notification must specify:
 - a) the assessable pollutants for which the actual load could not be calculated; and
 - b) the relevant circumstances that were beyond the control of the licensee.
- R1.2 The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA an Annual Return in the approved form comprising:
 - a) a Statement of Compliance; and
 - b) a Monitoring and Complaints Summary.
 - At the end of each reporting period, the EPA will provide to the licensee a copy of the form that must be completed and returned to the EPA.
- R1.3 An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each reporting period, except as provided below.
- R1.4 Where this licence is transferred from the licensee to a new licensee:
 - a) the transferring licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on the date the application for the transfer of the licence to the new licensee is granted; and
 - b) the new licensee must prepare an Annual Return for the period commencing on the date the application for the transfer of the licence is granted and ending on the last day of the reporting period.
- R1.5 Where this licence is surrendered by the licensee or revoked by the EPA or Minister, the licensee must prepare an Annual Return in respect of the period commencing on the first day of the reporting period and ending on:
 - a) in relation to the surrender of a licence the date when notice in writing of approval of the surrender is given; or
 - b) in relation to the revocation of the licence the date from which notice revoking the licence operates.
- R1.6 The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA by registered post not later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').
- R1.7 The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was due to be supplied to the EPA.
- R1.8 Within the Annual Return, the Statement of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by:
 - a) the licence holder; or
 - b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder.
- Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period.
- Note: An application to transfer a licence must be made in the approved form for this purpose.

Licence - 11947



R2 Notification of environmental harm

- R2.1 Notifications must be made by telephoning the Environment Line service on 131 555.
- R2.2 The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.
- Note: The licensee or its employees must notify all relevant authorities of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the environment immediately after the person becomes aware of the incident in accordance with the requirements of Part 5.7 of the Act.

R3 Written report

- R3.1 Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that:
 - a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or
 - b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence,
 - and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.
- R3.2 The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA within such time as may be specified in the request.
- R3.3 The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information:
 - a) the cause, time and duration of the event:
 - b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;
 - c) the name, address and business hours telephone number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class of them, who witnessed the event;
 - d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;
 - e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;
 - f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; and
 - g) any other relevant matters.
- R3.4 The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.

7 General Conditions

G1 Copy of licence kept at the premises or plant

Licence - 11947



- G1.1 A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.
- G1.2 The licence must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see it.
- G1.3 The licence must be available for inspection by any employee or agent of the licensee working at the premises.

Licence - 11947



Dictionary

General Dictionary

3DGM [in relation
to a concentration
limit1

Means the three day geometric mean, which is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount. Where one or more of the samples is zero or below the detection limit for the analysis, then 1 or the detection limit respectively should be used in place of those samples

Act Means the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

activityMeans a scheduled or non-scheduled activity within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment

Operations Act 1997

actual load Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

AM Together with a number, means an ambient air monitoring method of that number prescribed by the

Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

AMG Australian Map Grid

anniversary date The anniversary date is the anniversary each year of the date of issue of the licence. In the case of a

licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the

commencement of the Act.

annual return Is defined in R1.1

Approved Methods Publication

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

assessable pollutants

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

BOD Means biochemical oxygen demand

CEM Together with a number, means a continuous emission monitoring method of that number prescribed by

the Approved Methods for the Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

COD Means chemical oxygen demand

composite sample Unless otherwise specifically approved in writing by the EPA, a sample consisting of 24 individual samples

collected at hourly intervals and each having an equivalent volume.

cond. Means conductivity

environment Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

environment protection legislation

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991

EPA Means Environment Protection Authority of New South Wales.

fee-based activity classification

Means the numbered short descriptions in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009.

general solid waste (non-putrescible)

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

Licence - 11947



flow weighted composite sample

Means a sample whose composites are sized in proportion to the flow at each composites time of collection

general solid waste (putrescible)

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environmen t Operations Act

199

grab sample Means a single sample taken at a point at a single time

hazardous waste Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

licensee Means the licence holder described at the front of this licence

load calculation protocol

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009

local authority Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

material harm Has the same meaning as in section 147 Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

MBAS Means methylene blue active substances

Minister Means the Minister administering the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

mobile plant Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

motor vehicle Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

O&G Means oil and grease

percentile [in relation to a concentration limit of a sample] Means that percentage [eg.50%] of the number of samples taken that must meet the concentration limit specified in the licence for that pollutant over a specified period of time. In this licence, the specified period of time is the Reporting Period unless otherwise stated in this licence.

plant Includes all plant within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 as well as motor vehicles.

pollution of waters [or water pollution]

Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

premises Means the premises described in condition A2.1

public authority Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

regional office Means the relevant EPA office referred to in the Contacting the EPA document accompanying this licence

For the purposes of this licence, the reporting period means the period of 12 months after the issue of the licence, and each subsequent period of 12 months. In the case of a licence continued in force by the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, the date of issue of the licence is the first anniversary of the date of issue or last repossed of the licence following the commencement of the Act.

of the date of issue or last renewal of the licence following the commencement of the Act.

restricted solid waste

scheduled activity

reporting period

1997

Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

Means an activity listed in Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

special waste Has the same meaning as in Part 3 of Schedule 1 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act

1997

TM Together with a number, means a test method of that number prescribed by the Approved Methods for the

Sampling and Analysis of Air Pollutants in New South Wales.

Licence - 11947



TSP Means total suspended particles

TSS Means total suspended solids

Type 1 substance

Means the elements antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead or mercury or any compound containing one or more of those elements.

more of those elements

Type 2 substance Means the elements beryllium, chromium, cobalt, manganese, nickel, selenium, tin or vanadium or any

compound containing one or more of those elements

utilisation area Means any area shown as a utilisation area on a map submitted with the application for this licence

waste Has the same meaning as in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

waste type Means liquid, restricted solid waste, general solid waste (putrescible), general solid waste (non-

putrescible), special waste or hazardous waste

Mr David Cook

Environment Protection Authority

(By Delegation)

Date of this edition: 08-July-2003

End Notes

- 1 Licence varied by notice 1057332, issued on 27-Apr-2006, which came into effect on 27-Apr-2006.
- 2 Licence varied by notice 1087821, issued on 30-May-2008, which came into effect on 30-May-2008.
- 3 Condition A1.3 Not applicable varied by notice issued on <issue date> which came into effect on <effective date>
- 4 Licence varied by notice 1099780, issued on 08-Apr-2009, which came into effect on 08-Apr-2009.
- 5 Licence varied by notice 1504506 issued on 15-Mar-2012
- 6 Licence varied by notice 1512283 issued on 05-Mar-2013
- 7 Licence varied by notice 1516279 issued on 16-Aug-2013
- 8 Licence varied by notice 1528783 issued on 12-Jun-2015